



CARING FOR OUR COUNTRY



NSW Environmental TRUST

RABBITS

STOP NATURAL WEED REGENERATION INVASION

EROSION OVER-GRAZING

COMPETITION

DESTROY REVEGETATION WORK

\$88.1 MILLION LOSS TO AGRICULTURE

HABITAT DEGRADATION

Rabbit grazing will slow or stop natural and planned revegetation, remove food sources for both native and domestic animals, damage crops and reduce biodiversity and ecosystem resilience. Their grazing habits are known to reduce the survival and recruitment of several threatened flora species in the Molonglo catchment and **impact** on the structure and composition of several endangered ecological communities.

The negative impact of **rabbits** comes at a considerable cost to the environment and the Australian economy costing the agriculture industry an estimated \$88.11 million a year. Rabbits are found in large numbers throughout the Molonglo catchment from rural areas to within Canberra itself.

There are a number of options for rabbit control on your property. A good place to start is to contact your local Livestock, Health and Pest Authority or Parks, Conservation and Lands branch.

The Molonglo Catchment Group will be happy to help out with your enquiries.
www.molonglocatchment.org.au

